## PG-SYLLABUS 2016



## P G AND RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

TIRUCHIRAPPALLI – 2.

## **PG HISTORY – COURSE PATTERN 2016**

Sem.	Code	COURSE	Hours	Credit
I	16PHS1101	Socio – Political and Cultural History of Ancient India (Up to AD 1000)	7	6
	16PHS1102	Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu – I (From Pre-History to AD 1675)	7	6
	16PHS1103	History of World – I (AD 1453 – AD1815)	6	6
	16PHS1104	History of Science and Technology (Online Course)**	6	6
	16PHS1201A 16PHS1201B	Elective – I: Indian Geography / or Elective – I: Archives Keeping	4	4
		Total for Semester 1	30	28
II	16PHS2105	Socio-Political and Cultural History of Medieval India (AD 1000- AD1707)	8	6
	16PHS2106	Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu – II (AD 1675 to AD 2010)	7	5
	16PHS2107	History of World – II (AD 1815 – AD1945)	7	6
	16PHS 2108	Self-paced Learning		2
	16PHS2202A	Elective – II: Human Rights / or	4	4
	16PHS2202B	Elective – II: Economic History of Modern India		
	16PSS2401	IDC: Soft Skills	4	4
		Total for Semester 2	30	27
III	16PHS3109	History of Modern India (AD 1707 – AD 1947)	7	5
	16PHS3110	Historiography	6	4
	16PHS3111	Project Dissertation & Viva Voce	5	5
	16PHS3203A	Elective – III: Women Studies in India/ Or	4	4
	16PHS3203B	Elective – III: General Studies for Competitive Examinations		
	16PHS3402	IDC – WS: Indian Polity	4	4
	16PHS3403	IDC – BS: Indian Constitution	4	4
		Total for Semester 3	30	26
IV	16PHS4112	Contemporary India (AD 1947 – AD 2014)	6	5
	16PHS4113	Modern Indian Administration	7	6
	16PHS4114	History of World Civilizations	6	4
	16PHS4115	Archaeology	5	3
	14PHS4116	Introduction to Journalism (Online Course)**	6	4
	16PHS4117	Comprehensive Examination		2
		Total for Semester 4	30	24
I-IV	16PHS4601	Community work (SHEPHERD) & Gender Studies		5
		Total for all Semesters	120	110

**WS** – IDC within School

**BS** – IDC between Schools

<sup>\*\*</sup> The entire syllabus is through online

Sem. I Hours / Week: 7
16PHS1101 Credit: 6

## SOCIO – POLITICAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIA (UPTO AD 1000)

### **Objectives**

- To inculcate historical consciousness in the minds of students
- To impart knowledge on the Indian Heritage
- To train the students to face the competitive examinations

## **Learning Activities**

- Writing assignments analytically using different sources
- Conducting Group Discussion on relevant topics
- ❖ Collecting information regarding Assivagam sites

#### **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of presenting the historical eventsin a chronological order
- To acquire the skill of critical outlook on the historical events

#### \*\*\*\*

#### Unit-1

## **Concepts, Ideas and Sources:**

Bharatvarsha, Sabha and Samiti, Varnasrama, Purusharthas, Rina, Samskaras, Yajna, Doctrine of Karma, Dandaniti, Arthasastra, Saptanga, Dharmavijaya, Stupa, Chaitya. Sources and approaches to the study of ancient Indian history – Pre-historic cultures in India - Indus Civilization - Aryan invasion and Vedic Society - Evolution of Monarchy and Varna System.

#### Unit-2

## Mahajanapathas and Mauryas:

Formation of States (Mahajanapathas) - Rise of Aseevagam, Jainism and Buddhism - Rise of Magadas and Nandas - Alexander's Invasion - Mauryan Empire: Chandragupta - Asoka's Dhamma and his inscriptions - Mauryan Administration - Art and Architecture.

#### Unit-3

## Post Mauryan Period:

Evolution of Jatis - Sathavahanas and State Formation in the Peninsula - Sangam Literature and society - Indo-Greeks, Sakas, Parthians, Kushanas: Kanishka, Culture and Art

## Unit-4

### **Gupta Period:**

Guptas: Changes in political organisation of empire - Decline in foreign trade and economy-Decay of towns -Growth of literature - Science - Art and Architecture - Harshavarthana - Educational Institutions: Nalanda, Vikramasila, Vallabhi - Golden Age: A Critical Analysis.

#### Unit-5

## **Regional States:**

Kadambas – Gangas – Pallavas – Chalukyas of Badami, Gujarat and Kalyana – Administrations, Trade guilds – Growth of Vaishnava and Saiva religions – Varmanas of Kamrup: Palas, Senas, Rashtrakutas, Pratiharas – Imperial Cholas - Arab conquests – Kalhana and Alberuni.

## **Books for Study**

1. Khurana K.L, History of India: Earliest times to 1761 A.D., LakshmiNarain Agarwal, Agra, 2001. (Unit – 1-5)

- 2. Majumdar R.C, *An Advanced History of India*, Mac Millan, New Delhi, 2002. (Unit (1-5) **Reference Books** 
  - 1. Jha D.N, Ancient India: In Historical Outline, Manohar, New Delhi, 2004.
  - 2. Sharma R.S, Shudras in Ancient India, A Social History of the Lower Order Down to AD 600, New Delhi, 1980.
  - 3. Vincent A. Smith, *The Oxford History of India*, OUP, New Delhi, 2002.
  - 4. RomilaThapar, Early India, Penguin, New Delhi, 2002.
  - 5. Basham AL, The Wonder that was India, Rupa& Co., New Delhi, 2003.
  - 6. Sharma S, Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, New Delhi, 1991.
  - 7. RomilaThapar, Interpreting Early India, OUP, New Delhi, 1992.

Sem. I Hours /Week: 7

16PHS1102 Credit: 6

## SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF TAMILNADU - I (From Pre-History to AD 1675)

## **Objectives**

- ➤ To analyze the Ancient Tamil Civilization
- To reveal the achievements of Kalabras and Pallavas
- > To discuss the uniqueness of Chola's Society

## **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Collecting remains of Archaeological evidences in Tamil Nadu
- ❖ Preparing a chart showing the chronological order of Ancient Tamil Nadu
- Conducting group discussion on Ayyanaar and Aaseevagam

### **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of equipping in preserving historical monuments
- To acquire the skill of understanding the socio-cultural aspects of Tamil Nadu through observing cultural practices in Tamil Nadu

#### Unit-1

Pre – Historic Period – Ancient Tamil Civilization: Sangam and Post-Sangam - Literature- Social Condition - Cultural Condition – Political Condition – EconomicCondition – Aseevagam.

#### Unit-2

Early Pandyas - Kalabras - Pallavas: Society - Economy - Religion: Bhakti Movement-Literature and Education - Art and Architecture

## Unit-3

Imperial Cholas: Society - Economy - Religion - Art and Architecture

#### Unit-4

Later Pandyas: Society - Economy -Religion - Foreign Accounts - Literature -Art and Architecture

#### Unit-5

Nayaks: Administration - Society – Economy - Religion - Literature – Art and Architecture

#### **BOOKS FOR STUDY**

- 1. Chellam VT, *History of Tamil Nadu*, Madras: Kudal Publication, 1990.
- 2. Devanesan, *History of Tamil Nadu*, Marthandam: Benu Publication, 2004. (Unit 1 & 3)
- 3. Rajayyan K, *History of Tamil Nadu*, Madurai: Raj Publishers, 1982. (Unit 3)
- 4. SubramanianT Social and Cultural History of Tamil Nadu, Madras, 1985 (Unit 2)
- 5. Yesudhason V & Isaac Jayadhas, *History of Tamil Society and Culture Since 1336*, McL Roy Publications, Martandam, 2002, (Unit 3 & 5)

#### Reference Books

- 1. Arockiasamy, *History of Tamil Nadu*, Madras: Kudal Publications, 1958.
- 2. Arnold David, *The Congress in Tamil Nadu Nationalist Politics in South India*, Madras, Koodal Publications, 1980.
- 3. NambiArroran, T, *Tamil Renaissance and Dravidian Nationalism*, Madras, Kudal Publications, 1980.
- 4. Baker C.J &Washbrook, D. A, *South India Political Institution & Political Change*, Macmillan Publication, New Delhi, 1975.
- 5. Irschic, Eugene, F, *Politics and Social Conflict in South India: The Non Brahmin Movement and Tamil Separation 1916 1929*, 1969. University of California Press, 1969.
- 6. Thangavelu, *TamilagaVaralatruvarisai thamilagaSamoogaPanpattuVaralaru*, Amiltham Pathippagam, Chennai, 2008.

Sem. I Hours / Week: 6 16PHS1103 Credits: 6

#### **HISTORY OF WORLD – I (AD 1453 – AD 1815)**

### **Objectives**

- ➤ To prepare the students for Civil Services Examinations
- > To make students understand the concepts like Feudalism, Socialism, Absolutism, Parliamentary Democracy etc
- > To inculcate the spirit of Universal brotherhood

## **Learning Activities**

- Preparing a map showing the route and the countries discovered
- ❖ Collecting the pictures of the art and architectural features of Renaissance
- ❖ Collecting the pictures of the Leaders of French Revolution

## **Skill Component**

- Students to learn the skill of teaching the routes of Geographers
- To enhance the skill of comprehending historical developments of the world in its totality

\*\*\*\*

#### Unit - 1

Decline of Feudalism – Geographical Discoveries –Renaissance and Reformation in Europe– Industrial Revolution - Rise of Capitalism

#### Unit - 2

Age of Enlightenment- France-Spain- Austria-Russia-Prussia- Emergence of Nation States England – France - Russia

#### Unit - 3

Commercial Revolution in Western Europe – Mercantilism – Theocracy in India – Policy of Isolation in China (Close Door Policy)

#### Unit-4

Growth of Parliamentary Institutions in England – Thirty Years War – Its significance in European History – Ascendancy of France

#### **Unit** – **5**

The French Revolution and Napoleonic Era (AD 1789 to 1815) – Its significance in the World History – Vienna Congress.(1815)

## **Books for Study**

- 1. Khurana K.L, World History (AD1453-1966), Laxmi Narayan Agarwall, Agra, 2008.(Unit I& 2)
- 2. Weech W.N, *History of the World*, Odhamas Press, 2001 (Unit 3, 4 & 5)

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Cocking D.C, History of Europe Mangaldeep Publications, Jaipur, 2004
- 2. Derbek Wood, *The Modern World*, Heinemann Educational Books Ltd., London, 1970.
- 3. Fisher H.A.L, *History of Europe*, Fantane Classics, 1936.
- 4. Manoj Sharma, *History of World Civilization*, Anmol Publications P. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- 5. Swain J. E, *A History of World Civilisation*, Eurasia Publishing House (Pvt.) Ltd, New Delhi, 1997.

Sem. I 16PHS1104

## Hours / Week: 6 Credits: 6

#### HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## (Online Course)

## **Objectives**

- > To study the scientific and technical inventions of ancient civilizations
- To illustrate the technological growth in nineteenth century
- > To estimate the services of scientists in developing India

## Learning activities

- Creating ability to search materials from internet
- ❖ Field trip to Tiruchirappalli Planetarium
- ❖ Collecting newspaper clippings on recent Science and Technological growth

## **Skill Component**

• The skill of developing scientific enquiry

\*\*\*\*

#### Unit – 1

Definitions – Elements of Science and Technology - Science and Technology in Ancient and Medieval period in Greece, Rome, India, China, Europe and Arabia – Birth of Scientific inventions in Astronomy: Copernicus, Kepler, Galileo – Progress in Medical Science: Andreas Vesalius, Ambroise Pare, Paracelsus.

#### Unit - 2

Foundations of Scientific Academics & Scientific growth in 18<sup>th</sup> Century: Royal Society of London and France – Progress in Physics and Mathematics, Chemistry and Medical Science – Invention in Textile Industry

### Unit - 3

Science and Technology in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century: Charles Darwin – Michael Faraday – Sigmund Freud – Maxwell – Kelvin – Louis Pasteur – Patrick Manson – Progress in technology, transport – Steam Navigation – Automobiles– Modern Chemical Industry – Alfred Nobel – Communication: Telegraphs and Telephones

#### Unit – 4

Science and Technology in the 20<sup>th</sup> Century: X - Ray - Radium - Atom Bomb - Radio - Radar - Television - Computers & Internet-History of Aviation - Space Research in Russia & America

#### Unit - 5

Progress of Science and Technology in Modern India: Progress in Astronomy – Space Research – Atomic Energy Commission – Green Revolution – Defiance Research and Development Organization.

### **References: (Web Sources)**

#### Unit I

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ancient technology

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History of science and technology in the Indian subcontinent

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History of science in early cultures

http://www.crystalinks.com/egyptscience.html

http://www.asbmb.org/asbmbtoday/asbmbtoday\_article.aspx?id=32437

http://www.civilserviceindia.com/subject/History/prelims/science-technology.html

http://www.ducksters.com/history/mesopotamia/science and technology.php

http://www.newworldencyclopedia.org/entry/History of science and technology in China

http://www.mhs.ox.ac.uk/scienceislam\_education/docs/Science\_and\_technology\_in\_Medieval\_I slam-Teachers\_notes.pdf

http://www.amazon.com/Science-Technology-World-History-Vol/dp/0786439327

http://regentsprep.org/regents/global/themes/science/clas.htm

http://www.iisc.ernet.in/prasthu/pages/PP data/105.pdf

 $\frac{https://books.google.co.in/books?id=9oZsCwAAQBAJ\&pg=PT1389\&lpg=PT1389\&dq=development+of+science+and+technology+in+ancient+world&source=bl&ots=Ebwp8LYU2k&sig=NCy0yMPImhSRGtCUt\_9HFElFaM8\&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwio07Tf0uzLAhXBCY4KH$ 

aEsCHY4ChDoAQhCMAM#v=onepage&q=development%20of%20science%20and%20techno

logy%20in%20ancient%20world&f=false

http://www.hindubooks.org/sudheer birodkar/india contribution/

http://www.timemaps.com/civilization/ancient-mesopotamia

http://www.ancient-origins.net/ancient-technology/ten-amazing-inventions-ancient-times-

001539

http://www.mpoweruk.com/history.htm

http://www.aldokkan.com/science/science.htm

http://www.eolss.net/sample-chapters/c07/e2-07-06.pdf

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History of astronomy

https://explorable.com/greek-astronomy

http://www.starteachastronomy.com/archaeoastronomy.html

http://ircamera.as.arizona.edu/NatSci102/NatSci102/lectures/ancientast.htm

http://abyss.uoregon.edu/~js/ast121/lectures/lec02.html

#### Unit II

https://www.loc.gov/rr/scitech/tracer-bullets/scitech18tb.html

http://www.daviddarling.info/encyclopedia/S/science in the eighteenth century.html

http://www.esamskriti.com/essay-chapters/Indian-Science-ad-Technology-in-the-18th-century-

1.aspx

http://inventors.about.com/od/timelines/a/Eighteenth.htm

http://www.arvindguptatoys.com/arvindgupta/sciencedharam.pdf

http://www.history1700s.com/index.php/articles/24-science-and-technology/33-18th-century-

science-and-technology.html

http://www.scaruffi.com/science/18th.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science and technology in the United States

http://theinventors.org/library/inventors/bl1700s.htm

#### **Unit III**

http://www.localhistories.org/victech.html

http://www2.sunvsuffolk.edu/westn/scitech.html

http://www.iun.edu/~hisdcl/h114 2002/nineteenthcentury.htm

http://www.mzwtg.mwn.tum.de/fileadmin/w00bmt/www/Arbeitspapiere/Wengenroth sci-tech-

ind-19c.pdf

http://teachinghistory.org/history-content/ask-a-historian/24470

http://www.scaruffi.com/science/19th.html

http://www.toptenz.net/top-10-greatest-inventions-of-the-19th-century.php

http://inventors.about.com/od/timelines/a/Nineteenth.htm

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History of technology

#### **Unit IV**

http://www.scaruffi.com/science/20th.html

http://www.unesco.org/bpi/science/content/press/anglo/6.htm

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/20th century

http://www.slideshare.net/sushmitamaeleones/technology-in-the-20th-century

http://content.time.com/time/photogallery/0,29307,2026224,00.html

http://www.toptenz.net/top-10-inventions-of-the-20th-century.php

http://inventors.about.com/od/timelines/a/twentieth.htm

http://www.ntm.cz/data/veda-a-vyzkum/publikace/what to do 20 century.pdf

https://www.timetoast.com/timelines/20th-century-breakthroughs-in-science-and-technology

http://www.press.uchicago.edu/Misc/Chicago/284158.html

http://in.alhea.com/ego4/search/web?q=science%20technology&dev=c&gclid=COPNst3V7MsCFdeJaAod6M8ApA

#### Unit V

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science and technology in India

http://www.ibef.org/industry/science-and-technology.aspx

https://india.gov.in/topics/science-technology

http://www.shareyouressays.com/1034/essay-on-scientific-and-technological-development-in-india-free-to-read

http://www.yourarticlelibrary.com/technology/importance-of-science-and-technology-in-

national-development-essay/8563/

http://www.frontline.in/science-and-technology/

http://www.imsc.res.in/~jayaram/Articles/Ifrontline/node3.html

http://www.slideshare.net/sandhyapillai5201/technological-advancements-in-india-34507898

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bt4mJLTt AU

 $\underline{http://www.publishyourarticles.net/knowledge-hub/essay/essay-on-science-and-technology-in-india/2649/}$ 

PPTs will be prepared and uploaded in college website www.sjctni.edu for all the units...

Sem. I Hours / Week: 4 16PHS1201A Credits: 4

**Elective I: INDIAN GEOGRAPHY** 

### **Objectives**

- > To know the Physical nature of India.
- > To study the changes in Climate.
- > To appreciate the significance of Bio-diversity.

## **Learning Activities**

- Preparing charts showing the landscape
- ❖ Preparing power point presentation on ecosystem, environmental hazards
- ❖ Making field visits to neighboring industries and farm lands.

### **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of understanding history in its geographical background
- To acquire the skill to understand the relationship between history and geography and to realize the impact of geography on history

#### Unit - 1

**Physical Geography:** Geological History of India – Location: Area and Boundaries – Major Physical Features – Islands of India - Drainage System of India – Climate: The Seasons, Monsoon, Climatic Regions-Remote sensing

#### Unit - 2

**Bio - Geography:** Soil: Mineral and forming process- Important Types, Erosion and Conservation – Natural Vegetation: Major Types, Problems of Deforestation and Conservation Measures, Chipko movement, Social Forestry, Agro-Forestry- Wild Life.

### Unit - 3

**Economic Geography :** Resources and their Classification - Agriculture : Agricultural Regions - Crop Groups - Types of Cultivation - Intensive and Extensive Farming - Important Crops - Agricultural Development in India - Irrigation - Animal Husbandry - Fishing - Mineral Resources : Classification and Distribution - Industries- Transport and Communication.

#### Unit - 4

**Human Geography:** Demographic Structure: Racial Groups - Composition—Distribution and Density—Population Explosion—Poverty-India's role on climatic changes.

#### Unit - 5

**Major Issues:** Environmental Degradation – Earthquake and Tsunami – Disaster Management – Pollution: Land, Air and Water- Government policies and Programmes on Environmental protection.

### **Books for Study:**

- 1. Surender Singh, Geography, Tata McGraw Hills General Studies Manual, 2002.
- 2. Tara Chand, Tata McGraw Hills General Studies Manual, 2001. (Unit 1-5)
- 3. Indian Geography, Tata McGraw Hills General Studies Manual, 2002.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Chauhan R. N, *Geography*, Oxford Books Company, Jaipur, 2007.
- 2. Alan Strahler& Arthur Strahler, *Physical Geography*, II Edition, 1991.
- 3. Sushil Kumar and Sharma, Environmental Management, Noida, 2004.
- 4. Singh. R.B.and Thakur. D.K, Environmental Management, Mumbai, 2000.

Sem. I Hours / Week: 4 16PHS1201B Credits: 4

**Elective I: ARCHIVES KEEPING** 

### **Objectives**

- To realize the importance of Archives
- > To know the practice of archives keeping
- > To study different types of preservation techniques
- > To elucidate the different types of documentation procedures

### Learning activities

- ❖ Field trip to ShembaganurJesuit Madurai Province Archives, Madras State Archives and TiruchirappalliDistrict Record Centre
- ❖ Assignments by using government records & Archival materials

#### **Skill Component**

• Students are to equip the skill of preserving archival sources

\*\*\*\*

#### Unit - 1

Archives: Definition - Creation - Uses - Archives and Library - Various types of Archives - Materials used for creation - Birth of a document

#### Unit - 2

History of Archives in Europe and India - Preservation Techniques - Enemies of Records - Rehabilitation of Records - Functions of Archivists

#### Unit -3

Functions and Administration: – Rules relating to Accession of Records in Archives – Appraisal of Records- Retention Schedule – Compilation and Publication – Role of IT in the development of Archives

### Unit – 4

Records Management: Requirements of Record Room – Documentation Practices and Filing System, Life cycle of a file and Nature of Modern Records – Classification of Records and Methods of control on Mass Production

#### Unit -5

National Archives of India and Tamil Nadu State Archives –Administration of Tamil Nadu Archives – SarfojiSaraswathiMahal Library of Tanjore –Jesuits Madurai Province Archives in Shembaganur – Field Work

#### **Books for Study:**

1. Thyagarajan J, *Archives Keeping*, Tensy Publications, Sivakasi, 2009. (Unit - 1-5)

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Cook, Michael, Archives Administration, Dawson UKI Ltd, London, 2000.
- 2. Hodson, John, VK, An Introduction to use of Public Records, Oxford Clarendon Press, 1934
- 3. Jenkinson Hilary, *An Introduction to use of Public records*, Oxford Clarendon Press, 1934.
- 4. Kahn, Gilbert, Filing System and Record Management, New York, 1971.
- 5. Mac Millan, David (ed), Archives, Techniques and Functions in a Modern Society, Sydney, 1957.
- 6. Muller, Samuel, Feith, JA, Frunin, R, Manual for the arrangement and description of Archives, New York, 1995.

Sem. II
16PHS2105
Hours / week: 8
Credit: 6

## SOCIO AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA (AD 1000 TO AD 1707)

## **Objectives**

- To provide knowledge on the cultural contribution of Muslim rulers
- To impart an quest to know deeply the unexplored areas of medieval history
- To imbibe the moral values given by different religions and the Bhakti Saints

## **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Field visits to the important monuments of Medieval period
- ❖ Assignments using articles on Medieval History

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of presenting historical events in a chronological order so as to appear in competitive examinations
- To develop the skill of situating past historical events in today's context
- To develop the skill of understanding the pluralistic past in India

#### Unit - 1

### **Turkish Invasions**

Expeditions of Mahmud of Gazni - Alberuni - Muhammad of Ghor and his invasions – Impact of Battles of Tarain

#### Unit - 2

#### **Delhi Sultanate**

Theory of Kingship - Central and Provincial Administration - Iqta System - Agrarian Measures - Market Control - Currency System

#### Unit - 3

## **Regional States in Southern India**

Malik Kafur's Invasion – Vijayanagara Empire: Administration - Society – Economy – Art and Architecture - Bahmini Kingdom – Marathas

#### Unit - 4

## The Mughals

Mughal Theory of State – Administration: Sher Shah and Akbar - Land Revenue System - Mansabdari System - Religious Policy - Literature – Secular and Religious Architecture – Paintings – Music

#### Unit -5

### **Religious Ideas and Believes**

Sikhs – Bhakti – Saivites and Vaishnavites - Sufi Movements – Din-I-lahi

## **Books for Study:**

- 1. Mahalingam T.V, Economic life in the Vijayanagar Empire, (Unit 2)
- 2. Srivastava and Majumdar, *History of Medieval India*, (Unit 1)
- 3. Khurana K.L, *Medieval India*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2007 (Unit 3-5)

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Mehta J.L, *An Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India* (3 Vols), Sterling Publication,

New Delhi, 2002.

- 2. Satish Chandra, History of Medieval India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, 1984.
- 3. Vincent A. Smith, *The Oxford History of India*, OUP, New Delhi, 2002.
- 4. Majumdar R.C., An Advanced History of India, Mac Millan, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Basham A. L (Ed.), A Cultural History of India, OUP, New Delhi, 2001.
- 6. SathiyanathaIyer, A History of India, Chennai, 2002.
- 7. Robert Sewell, A Forgotten Empire, New Delhi, 2000.

Sem. II Hours / Week: 716PHS2106 Credits: 5

### **SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU – II (AD 1675 – AD 2010)**

## **Objectives**

- To understand the contribution of Marthasto Tamilagam
- > To learn the values for which the Socio- Religious Reform Movements emerged in Tamil Nadu
- To discuss the uniqueness of Chola's Society

## **Learning Activities**

- Preparing portraits of women and men social reformers
- Preparing a chart showing the works of different political parties
- ❖ Conducting group discussion on emergence of Dravidian Movement

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of comparing the historical events in a fruitful way
- To develop the skill of critiquing the historical issues

## **Unit** – 1

#### Thamizhagam under Marathas

Marathas of Tanjore - Vengoji - Serfoji - Literature - Art and Architecture - The Sethupathis of Ramnad - Advent of the Europeans - The Portuguese - The French - The English - The Anglo - French Conflict - The revolt of Poligars - Vellore Mutiny - Role of Tamil Nadu in freedom struggle

#### Unit - 2

### **Socio-Religious Reform Movements**

Hinduism - Revivalist Movements - Theosophical Movement - SaivaSiddhantam - Mutts - Islam - Wahabi Movement - Sufism - Fakirs - Christianity – Impacts of Socio-Religious Reform Movements.

## Unit - 3

#### **Social Reform Movements**

Dalit Movement: Pandit C.IyotheeThasar - RettamalaiSrinivasan - N.SivarajVaikundaSwamy Movement - Indian National movement. Congress and Social Reforms - Self - Respect Movement - Women movements and Social Legislations (1800-1947)

## Unit – 4

## **Growth of Tamil Literature (1800 - 1947)**

Prose - Poetry - Novels - Dramas - Journals - Its Impact on Society - Growth of press and media in Tamilnadu - Film and Politics - Its Impact on Tamilnadu - Development of Information Technology - Its Impact on the Society and Economy.

#### Unit - 5

### Thamizhagamsince Independence

Rajaji - K.Kamaraj - M.Bhakthavatsalam – their Achievements - Social - Economic - Educational Policies - Tamilagam under D.M.K Rule : C.N.Annadurai - M. Karunanidhi - Social - Economic - Languages Policies - Role of Communist Party. Tamilagam under AIADMK Rule: M.G.Ramachandran - J.Jayalalitha - Socio and Economic Policies

#### **Books for Study:**

- 1. Chellam V.T, *ThamizhagaVaralarumPanpandum (in Tamil)*, ManivasagarPathipagam, Chennai, 2005.
- 2. Subramanian N, Social and Cultural History of Tamilnadu (A.D.1336 A.D. 1984) Ennes Publications, Udumalpet, 1999.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Hardgrave R, *The Dravidian Movement*, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1965.
- 4. Hardgrave (Jr) R.L, *TheNadars of Tamilnadu*, University of California Press (Berkley and Los Angeles), 1969.
- 5. Irschick E.F, *Politics and Social Conflict in South India*. Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1969.
- 6. Nambiarooran K, Tamil Renaissance and the Dravidian Nationalism, Madurai, 1980.
- 7. PillayK.K, *A Social History of the Tamils*, University of Madras, Madras, 1969, Tamilnadu History, Its People and Culture (in Tamil). International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai, 2004.
- 8. RajaramanP, The Justice Party, 1916 1937, Poompozhil Publishers, Madras, 1988.
- 9. Sathianadhan S, History of Education in the Madras Presidency, Madras, 1894.

Sem. II
16PHS2107
Hours / Week: 7
Credits: 6

### **HISTORY OF WORLD – II (AD 1815 – AD1945)**

### **Objectives**

- To prepare the students for the competitive examinations.
- To realize the impact of colonialism and imperialism.
- To make them understand the ideas of Liberalism, Nationalism and Communism

#### **Learning Activities**

- Organizing a symposium on the growth of Democracy
- Group Discussion on League of Nations
- ❖ Marking the Important battle fields of the Second World War in a Map

### **Skill Component**

- To cultivate the skill of looking at the international issues from the local point of view
- To develop the skill of critiquing the international issues

\*\*\*\*

#### Unit – 1

Growth of Liberalism and Democracy in Western Europe (1815 – 1914) – Socialist and Labour Movements in Europe – Emergence of Marxism

#### Unit - 2

Colonialism and Imperialism in Asia and Africa in the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Centuries – China and the Western Powers – Modernisation of Japan and its emergence as a great power – The European powers and the Ottoman Empire (1815 – 1914)

#### Unit - 3

Unification of Italy and Germany - World War I – Causes and Consequences –Russian Revolution of 1917 – League of Nations – Economic and Social Reconstruction in Soviet Union – Rise of National Movements in Indo-China and Indonesia.

#### Unit – 4

Awakening in the Arab World – Struggle for Freedom and Reform in Egypt – Emergence of Modern Turkey under Mustafa Kamal Basha – Rise of Arab Nationalism – Communism in China – PRC and Role of Mao–Tse–Tung.

#### Unit - 5

The Great Depression – Fascism in Italy – Nazism in Germany – USSR between the Wars – World War II – Causes and Consequences.

### **Books for Study**

- 1. Khurana A.L, World History (1453-1966AD), Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2007. (Unit–3-5)
- 2. Cromwell R.D, World History in the 20<sup>th</sup> Century, London, 1969. (Unit 1-2)

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Fisher HAL, *History of Europe*, Fontaire Classics, 1936.
- 2. Grant AJ, Europe the story of last five centuries, Longmans, 1921.
- 3. Grant and Temperly, *History of Europe*, G. Bell & Son, 1936.
- 4. Hayes CD, Modern Europe, Madras: S. Chand & Co., 1979.
- 5. Swain J. E, *A History of World Civilisation*, Eurasia Publishing House (Pvt.) Ltd, New Delhi, 1997.
- 6. Weech W.N, History of the World, Oldhams Press, 2001.
- 7. Dharam Singh, *History of Modern World (1919-1945)*, Sonali Publications, New Delhi, 2005.

16PHS2108 Credit: 2

#### **SELF - PACED LEARNING**

#### DRAVIDIAN MOVEMENT IN TAMILNADU

## **Objectives**

- > To understand the origin of the concept Dravidian
- > To learn the contributions of Dravidian Movement
- ➤ To inculcate the spirit of Self-Respect Movement

### **Learning Activities**

- Collecting speeches and writings of the leaders of Dravidian Movement and their contributions
- Organizing Group Discussion of Dravidian and Aryan debates

#### Unit - 1

Seeds for Dravidian consciousness: Robert Caldwell, ManonmaniamSundaranar, DevaneyaPavanar, DravidaMahajanaSangam of AhothidasaPandidhar - Formation of South Indian LiberalFederationandJustice Party and its measures – First communal order 1921 and 1922 – Reservation for Non-Brahmins.

#### Unit - 2

EVR Periyar and Self Respect Movement – Its principles and its social reforms – Efforts for establishing social justice - Anti–Hindi Agitation – Demand of Separate Dravidasthan 1939–

#### Unit - 3

Contributions of M.C. Raja, Rev. D. John Rathinam, Shivaraj and RettamalaiSeenivasan - Dravidian Movement and Depressed Class Leaders - Demand for separate electorate to depressed class.

## Unit – 4

Formation of DravidaKazhagam – C.N.Annadurai and DravidaKazhagam – Active Propaganda through media and press – split in DravidaKazhagam.

#### Unit - 5

SocialReformMeasures and initiatives for establishing equality by Dravidian Movement – Temple Entry Act– Preservation of Communal G O – Dravidian Movement and Tamil Renaissance and Concept of Tamil Nationalism.

## **Books for Study**

- 1. Sathianadhan S, History of Education in the Madras Presidency, Madras, 1894.
- 2. Subramanian N, *Social and Cultural History of Tamilnadu (A.D.1336 A.D. 1984)*Ennes Publications, Udumalpet, 1999.
- 3. Subramanian P, *Social History of the Tamils (1707 1947)* D.K. Printworld (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 1999.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Chellam V.T, *ThamizhagaVaralarumPanpandum (in Tamil)*, ManivasagarPathipagam, Chennai. 2005.
- 2. Hardgrave R, *The Dravidian Movement*, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1965.
- 4. Hardgrave (Jr) R.L, *TheNadars of Tamilnadu*, University of California Press (Berkley and Los Angeles), 1969.
- 5. Irschick E.F, *Politics and Social Conflict in South India*. Oxford University Press, Bombay, 1969.
- 6. Nambiarooran K, Tamil Renaissance and the Dravidian Nationalism, Madurai, 1980.
- 7. Pillay K.K, *A Social History of the Tamils*, University of Madras, Madras, 1969, Tamilnadu History, Its People and Culture (in Tamil). International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai, 2004.
- 8. Rajaraman P, The Justice Party, 1916 1937, Poompozhil Publishers, Madras, 1988.

Sem. II Hours / Week: 4

16PHS2202A Credits: 4

#### **Elective II: HUMAN RIGHTS**

## **Objectives**

- To inculcate the spirit of human rights consciousness and awareness
- > To know various human rights violations in the present society
- To assess the human rights issues in the context of globalization
- > To know the various International and National human rights documents

#### **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Encourage to prepare an album on newspapers cutting materials
- Case study to record victims' interviews
- ❖ Group level mini project work of human rights issues
- Field Visits to District Court, Prison, NGOs working in this field etc.,

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of initiating meaningful discussion on human rights violations
- To acquire the skill of documenting the human rights violations
- To develop the skill of presenting the human rights violations in the media
- To acquire the skill of enlightening the human rights violation through documentary film

## Unit – 1

Human Rights: Meaning – History – Origin and Growth –Theories of Human Rights – Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) -

### Unit - 2

International Human Rights - Prescriptions and Enforcement upto World War II - Human Rights and the U.N.O. Universal Declaration of Human Rights – International Covenantion Civil and Political Rights – International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and

#### Unit - 3

Human Rights in Context of Globalisation: North – South Conflict — Subaltern Movements– Human Rights VsGlobalisation – Human Rights Vs Fundamentalism.

#### Unit - 4

National Human Rights Commission – SC / ST Commission – Minority Commission – Group Rights Discrimination with special reference to Minorities, Blacks and Trans – genders – International Civil Liberty Movements

#### Unit - 5

Human Rights Violations – Torture, Custodial Death, Encounter Death and Judicial Killings – Death Penalty, Child Trafficking– Anti-people Legislations – NSA, MISA, Goondas Act, TADA, POTA. - Few Methods of Responses to Challenges:– Fact Finding – Intervention – Advocacy Campaigning – HR Education – Legal Procedures.

#### **Books for Study:**

- 1. Indian Institute of Human Rights, ABC of Human Rights Study Materials, New Delhi.
- 2. Krishna Iyer V.R, *Human Rights*, New Delhi, BR. Publications Corporative, 1995.

#### Reference Books

- 1. Atrocities AgainstDalits in India, National Public Hearing Report, People's Watch, Madurai1999.
- 2. Indian Institute of Human Rights, ABC of Human Rights Study Materials, New Delhi.
- 3. Lobo George V, *Human Rights in Indian Situation*, New Delhi: The Commission for Justice, Peace and Development, 1991.
- 4. Sharma OC, Crime Against Women, New Delhi: Ashish Publishing House, 1994.
- 5. Thomas MA, *The Struggle for Human Rights*, Bangalore: Asian Trading Corporation, 1992.

Sem: II Hours/Week: 4 16PHS2202B Credits : 4

## **Elective II: ECONOMIC HISTORYOF MODERN INDIA**

### **Objectives**

- To study the origin and growth of various economic systems in India
- To analyze the transition of economic system from the British to free India
- > To examine the achievements of India to attain economic stability
- > To study the impact of liberalization privatization and globalization on Indian Economy

### **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Preparing charts on the economic systems in India.
- Listing out the economic planning in the Five Year Plans and the proposed project

## **Skill Component**

• To develop a critical enquiry on the economic policies (mainly on the British).

## Unit - 1

Economy in the Mid-Eighteen Century –Self Sufficient Communities – Towns – Trade – Banking – Nascent Capitalism

#### Unit -2

Colonial Exploitation – Exactions by the Company Servants – Oppression of Artisans by Planters – Unequal Trade – Manipulation of Exchange Rates – Wars at India's cost – Preferential Tariffs – Gandhian Economy

#### Unit - 3

Economic Consequences of the British Rule – Semi-Feudal Economy – Backward Economy – Depleted Economy – Mixed Economy – Stagnation and Poverty.

#### Unit - 4

Economic Planning in India – Globalization and Indian Economy – Emergence and Growth of Indian Capitalist Enterprise

#### Unit - 5

Trends towards a Market Economy – Competition and Contract – Growth of External and Internal trade – Commercialization of Agriculture – National Market – Centralized Administrative System

## **Books for Study:**

- 1. Gill K.S, *Evolution of the Indian Economy*, NCERT, New Delhi, 1978. (Unit 1)
- 2. Tirthankar Roy, *The Economic History of India*, 1857-1947, OUP, Madras, 2000. (Unit 2 to3)
- 3. Dharma Kumar and T. Raychaudhuri, ed., *The Cambridge Economic History of India*, Vol II, 1757-1970) Orient Longman & Cambridge Univ. Press, Hyderabad, 1982. (Unit 4 &5)

## **Books for Reference:**

- 1. Dutt R.C., *History of Economic India, Vol.* 1 & 2, New Delhi, Publication Division, 1989
- 2. Singh V.B., Economic History of India 1857-1956, Bombay, 1975, Allied Publishers.
- 3. Bhattacharya, Dines A Concise Economic History o India.
- 4. Dutt R.C, India Today, Bombay 1949.
- 5. Buchanan D.H, The Development of Capitalist Enterprises in India, New York, 1934.
- 6. Gadgil D.R, Industrial of India in Recent Times, Evolution New Delhi, OUP, 1974.
- 7. Bagchi A.K, Private Investment in India, Cambridge, 1972.

Sem: II Hours/Week: 416PSS2401 Credits : 4

IDC – 1: SOFT SKILLS

Sem. III Hours / Week: 7 16PHS3109 Credits: 5

## HISTORY OF MODERN INDIA (AD 1707 – AD 1947)

### **Objectives**

- > To understand the colonial hegemony in India
- > To Inculcate the knowledge of solidarity shown by Indians against British government
- > To encourage students to do research on national issues

### Learning activities

- ❖ Collecting the pictures of Women Freedom Fighters in India
- Collecting primary sources from archives and college library and analyzing them
- ❖ Writing assignments using various literature related to Freedom Movement

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of critiquing national issues
- To develop the skill of viewing the national movement from the Subaltern perspective
- To develop the skill of comprehending the national movement in its totality (Pluralistic manner)

#### Unit – 1

Advent of Europeans – Carnatic Wars – Anglo-Mysore Wars – Anglo-Marathas War and Anglo-Sikh War.

#### Unit - 2

Early Nationalism - Revolt of 1857 - Formation of National Associations - Foundation of Indian National Congress - Moderate Phase - Rise of Extremism - Indian Council Act of 1909 - Home Rule Movement - Government of India Act of 1919

#### Unit - 3

Moderates – Extremists - Emergence of Gandhi: Satyagraha - Khilafat Movement-Non-Cooperation Movement-Violence at ChauriChaura-Civil Disobedience Movement (1930-1934) - Other strands in Nationalism: Revolutionary Movement – Causes- Their Methods- Formation of Secret Societies in India and Abroad- Socialist and Communalist Trends-

#### Unit – 4

Communal Strands: Hindu Mahasabha and Muslim League – Pluralisticaspects of Freedom Movement: Hindus - Muslims- Christians- Dalit- Women and Adivasi Groups

#### Unit - 5

Quit India Movement (1942)-Subash Chandra Bose and INA - RIN Mutiny-Constituent Assembly 1946 –June Third Plan 1947- The Independence Act 1947

### **Books for Study**

- 1. Grover B.L & S,Grover, A New Look at Modern Indian History, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 1996.
- 2. Chhobra G.S, Advanced Study in the History of Modern India, Vol, III 1920-1947.

### Reference Books

- 1. Tara Chand, History of the Freedom Movement in India, Vol. II, New Delhi, 1983.
- 2. Bipan Chandra, *India's Struggle for Independence*, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1989.
- 3. Chopra P.N, *Quiet India Movement*, Publication Division, New Delhi, 1992.
- 4. Gandhi M. K, My Experiments with Truth, Navajivan, Adhmedabad, 2004.
- 5. Bipan Chandra, Communalism in Modern India, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1984.

Sem. III Hours / Week: 6

16PHS3110 Credits: 4

#### HISTORIOGRAPHY

## **Objectives**

- > To understand the meaning of History and Historiography
- > To compare and contrast the different trends in historical writing
- To analyze the importance of philosophy of history
- > To develop proper skills in research methodology

## Learning activities

- Writing Research Articles
- ❖ A chart showing the uses of history
- Use of modern technology in teaching history
- Conducting Debate on History is a Science or an Art

## **Skill Component**

- To acquire skill of methodology to write research articles
- To develop the analytical skill of viewing different schools of thought in historiography
- To equip the skill of scientific enquiry in analyzing historical events

#### Unit – 1

Definition – Nature – Scope and Purpose – Uses and Abuses of History – Kinds of History – History and Allied Subjects – History: Science or an Art

#### Unit - 2

Development of Historiography – Historical writing in Ancient Greece: Herodotus – Thusydides – Roman Historiography – Titus Livy, Medieval Historiography: St. Augustine; Arab Historiography: IbnKhaldhun; Enlightenment Era – Romanticist Historiography – Carlyle – Positivist Historiography – Hegel – Ranke – Spengler – Toynbee

#### Unit - 3

Philosophy of History – Philosophical traditions – Theological and Secular interpretations – Historical Determinism – Historicism and Relativism – Hegelian Dialects – Dialectical Materialism of Marx – Annales School (France) – Cliometrics (USA) - Subaltern Studies (India) – Oral Traditions

#### Unit – 4

Indian Historiographers – RC Dutt – JN Sarkar – Muhammad Habib – KM Pannikar–DD Kosambi – RomilaThaper - KA NilakantaSastri – R. SathianathaIyer – K. Rajayyan - T. Sundararaj.

#### Unit - 5

Methodology – Writing of History – Selection of Topic – Collection of Data – Use of Non-Conventional Sources – Heuristics (External Criticism) – Hermeneutics (Internal Criticism) – Objectivity and Subjectivity - Conclusion – Arrangement of Thesis – Synthesis – Documentation – Footnotes – Bibliography – Exposition

## **Books for Study:**

- 1. Sreedharan E, *A Text Book of Historiography (500 BC AD 2000).* (Unit 1&5)
- 2. Manickam V, *On History and Historiography*, Clio Publications, Madurai, 2003. (Unit –2,3 & 4)
- 3. Rajayya K, *History in Theory and Method*, Madurai: Ratna Publications, 1999. (Unit 1-5)

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Carr EH, *What is History?* London: Mac Millan& Co Ltd, 1961.
- 2. Sheik Ali B, *History its Theory and Method*, Madras: Mac Millan India Ltd, 1984.
- 3. Subramanian N, *Historiography and Historical Methods*, Vadipatti, Ennes Publications, 1993.
- 4. Manickam S, *Theory of History & Method of Research*, Second Edition, Padumam Publishers, Madurai, 2000.
- 5. Collingwood AG, *The Idea of History*, Oxford Publication, 1946.

Sem. III Hours / Week: 5 16PHS3111 Credits: 5

PROJECT DISSERTATION & VIVA VOCE

Sem: III Hours \ Week: 4 16PHS3203A Credit: 4

### **Elective III:WOMEN STUDIES IN INDIA**

## **Objectives**

- > To know the status of women that reflects the progress of a civilization and culture of society
- > To understand the role of students towards empowerment of women
- > To gain the experiential knowledge of social reformers towards the emancipation of women

## **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Listing out the negative proverbs on women and converting them in to constructive ones
- ❖ A debate on equality of women in administration
- \* Case study of a violation of women rights in order to sensitize Women Studies

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of presenting the human rights violations against women in media
- Students are to acquire the skill of enlightening the women's rights through documentary film
- Skill to develop the methods of sensitizing human rights violations against women

## **Unit – 1: Importance of the Subject**

Relevance and need of the subject- Evolution of gender studies— Women through ages-Ancient medieval- modern and contemporary period.

#### **Unit -2: Discriminations and Violence:**

Gender differences – Sati, Polygamy, Child Marriage, Dowry System, Purdah System-Widowhood – Prostitution – Illegal Trafficking – Rape – Female infanticide – Foeticide – Devadasi System – Unequal wages – Domestic violence against women- Patriarchy – Status of women in different religious communities – Role of Manu – Caste system and women oppression.

#### **Unit – 3: Initiatives towards Women liberation:**

Struggles for equality of women – Women's Movements – Women Education (Upper Garment Movement) – Abolition of Devadasi system – Self-Respect Marriages – Trade Union Movement – Freedom Movement – Role of Missionaries – Reservation for Women in Decision Making Bodies – Women literacy – The concept of Women Liberation and Empowerment

#### **Unit – 4: Modern Reformers and Thinkers:**

Sir Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Iswar Chandra VidyaSagar – Mahatma JyotibaPhuleSavithriBaiPhule – Dr. Ambedkar – Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddy – EVR Periyar – Bharathidasan.

#### **Unit – 5: Women and Law:**

Indian Constitution and Women – Anti–Dowry Laws – Factory Act – Laws on Inheritance – Divorce Act.

## **Books for Study**

- 1. Altekar A.S, The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization from Ancient times to the Present Day, New Delhi, Reprint, 1996.
- 2. Chandrababu S.B, Social Protest and its Impact on Tamil Nadu, Emrald Publishers Madras, 1993.
- 3. Mohan P.E, "Anti –Dowry Resolve in Early Medieval South India", Journal of Humanities, Annamalai University, 1997.
- 4. Jegadesan P, Marriage and Social Legislation in Tamil Nadu, Madras, 1990.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Viswanathan E.S, The Political Career of E.V.RamasamyNaicker, Madras, 1963.
- 2. Towards Equality: Reports of the Committee on the Status of Women in India, Government of India, Delhi, 1975.
- 3. Desai T, Women in India, New Delhi, 1997.
- 4. Anita Arya, Indian Women Vols.1 3, New Delhi, 2000.
- 5. Nanda P.R, (Ed.,), Indian Women from Purdah to Modernity, New Delhi, 1976.
- 6. Jayaswal K.P, The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Delhi, 1956.
- 7. Geraldine Forbes, Women in Modern India, OUP, New Delhi, 1999.

Sem: III Hours/week: 4

16PHS3203B Credit: 4

## **Elective III: GENERAL STUDIES FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS Objectives**

- > To give an orientation for competitive examinations
- > To make the students to develop critical ability
- > To assess the effects of globalization
- > To understand the economic policy and principals of India

#### **Learning Activities**

- Prepare a map showing the physical geography of India
- Prepare a chart to locate Airports and ports of India
- Organize a seminar on Constitutional Issues

## Unit - I

Geography – Solar System – The Earth – Dimensions of Earth – Earth's motions – Earth's atmosphere – Economic Geography of the Earth.

India: Minerals of India – Crops in India – Types of Soils – Types of Forests – Monsoon Pattern – Mountain Ranges – Indian Rivers – National Wildlife Sanctuaries.

#### Unit - II

Indian Economy: Planning in India – Planning Commission – Objectives of Planning – Merits of Economic Planning – Role of National Development Council – New Economic Policy – Industrial India - Indian Railways.

#### Unit – III

Science and Statistical analysis – Everyday science – Physiology – Biology – Basic Chemistry and Physics – Space Research in India – Maps.

#### Unit - IV

Nature of the Constitution – Preamble - Salient Features of the Constitution – Parliamentary Democracy – Fundamental Rights – Multi Party System – Pressure Groups – Directive Principles of State Policy – Statutory Bodies.

## Unit - V

Present day India: Indian States – Census – Flag – Emblem – Indian Defense – National Labs – River Valley Projects – Arts and Music – Awards in India – Sports in India – Influence of Media on the society – Mass communication

## **Books for study**

- 1. Surender Singh, Geography, Tata McGraw Hills General Studies Manual, 2002.
- 2. Bakshi, Indian Polity-Constitution of India, New Delhi, 1996.
- 3. Johari J.C., Indian Government and Politics, Vishal Publication, New Delhi, 1979.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Dutt R.C, History of Economic India, Vol. 1 & 2, New Delhi, Publication Division, 1989
- 2. General Essays for Competitive examinations, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Bipin Chandra, Indian History India Struggle for Independence, Penguin, New Delhi, 2002.
- 4. General Studies Manual, TATA Mc GRAW-HILL'S, New Delhi, 2009

Sem. III Hours/Week/: 4 16PHS3401 Credits: 4

## **IDC: Within School: INDIAN POLITY**

### **Objectives**

- > To make the students realize the significance of the Constitution
- > To make them familiarize the salient features of the Indian Constitution
- > To inculcate the spirit of the constitution among the students

### **Learning Objectives**

- By knowing the current affairs in politics
- Group discussions and group works on functioning of Democracy
- ❖ Visits to Local courts to have field experience on the functioning of judiciary system

### **Skill Component**

- To learn the skill of approaching the peoples' representatives and decision making authorities
- To develop analytical skill of critiquing the organs of democracy and their functions

## Unit-1

**Approaches to the Study of Indian Politics:** Liberal, Marxist and Gandhian - Nature of the State: Framework, Basic features, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy

#### Unit-2

**Institutional Functioning:** President - Prime Minister, Parliament and Judiciary - Power Structure in India: Caste – Class - Patriarchy - Religion and Politics: Secularism and Communalism

#### Unit-3

**Party System:** Meaning – Origin – Functions – Multi- Party System- Kinds of Parties – Ruling Party and Opposition Party

#### Unit-4

**The Judiciary:**Rule of Law – Supremacy of the Judiciary - The Supreme Court – Powers- Jurisdiction – Judicial Review – Civil and Criminal Courts- High Courts

#### Unit-5

**Social Movements:**Labour, Peasant, Environment and Women Movements – Civil Society Groups - PressureGroups: Meaning, Types, Difference between Political Parties and Pressure Groups

## **Books for Study**

- 1. Johari J.C., *Indian Political Systems*, New Delhi, Anmol Publications, 1996.
- 2. LaxmiKanth, *Indian Polity*, New Delhi, Tate Mcgraw Hill 2004.
- 3. Mehta, Narindar, *Indian Political System: A Study in Government and Politics in India*, Jullundar, 1978.

#### **Books for Reference**

- 1. Avasti A.P, *Indian Political System*, Agra, 2002.
- 2. Basu Durga Das, An Introduction to Indian Constitution, Agra, Wadha& Co, 2001.
- 3. Khanna V.N, Constitution and Government of India, New Delhi, Book Well, 1981.
- 4. Nainta R.P, The Government under the Constitution, New Delhi, Deep & Deep, 2000.

Sem. III Hours / Week: 4 16PHS3402 Credits: 4

#### IDC - Between School: INDIAN CONSTITUTION

## **Objectives**

- > To make the students realize the significance of the Constitution
- > To make them familiarize the salient features of the Indian Constitution
- > To inculcate the spirit of the constitution among the students

## **Learning Objectives**

- Knowing the current affairs in politics
- Group discussion and group works
- ❖ Visits to Local courts to have field experience on the functioning of the judiciary

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of comprehending the secular nature of the constitution
- To enhance an analytical mind to compare ours with other constitutions

#### Unit: 1

Meaning and types of Constitutions - Brief sketch on Constitutional Development in India - Regulating Act 1773—Charter Act of 1793 -- Charter Act 1853- Indian Councils Act 1861 - Minto - Morely Reforms Act 1909 - Montague - Chelmsford Reforms Act 1919- Government of India Act 1935- Making of the Constitution - Constituent Assembly - Its Role

#### Unit: 2

Nature of the Constitution – Preamble - Salient Features of the Constitution - Parliamentary Democracy – Fundamental Rights and Duties – Multi Party System – Pressure Groups – Directive Principles of State Policy- Statutory Bodies

#### Unit: 3

**The Executive** - The President- Vice-President- Governors - Election - Powers and Functions - Emergency Powers - Centre - State Relations- Article 352, 356, 360& 370

#### Unit: 4

**The Legislature** – The Prime Minister –The Cabinet – The Parliament –LokSabha andRajyaSabha- Speaker- Law Making Process –Distribution of Powers – Union List – State List- Concurrent List-

#### Unit: 5

**The Judiciary** – Rule of Law – The Supreme Court – Powers- Jurisdiction – Judicial Review- Civil and Criminal Courts- High Courts

### **Books for Study**

- 1. Johari J.C, *Indian Political Systems*, New Delhi, Anmol Publications, 1996.
- 2. LaxmiKanth, *Indian Polity*, New Delhi, Tate Mcgraw Hill 2004.
- 3. Mehta, Narindar, *Indian Political System*, A Study in Government and Politics in India, Jullundar, 1978.

#### **Books for Reference**

- 1. Avasti A.P, Indian Political System, Agra, 2002.
- 2. BasuDurga Das, An Introduction to Indian Constitution, Agra, Wadha& Co, 2001.
- 3. Khanna V.N, Constitution and Government of India, New Delhi, Book Well, 1981.
- 4. Nainta R. P, The Government under the Constitution, New Delhi, Deep & Deep 2000.

Sem. IV
16PHS4112
Hours / Week: 6
Credits: 5

## **CONTEMPORARY INDIA (AD 1947 – AD 2014)**

## **Objectives**

- > To understand the achievements of independent India
- > To create awareness about the role of makers of modern India
- > To inculcate the knowledge on the challenges faced by India before and after globalization and responses to it

## **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Articles on National Leaders
- ❖ Debate on Issues that peril India
- Group Discussion on India's Foreign Policy

## **Skill Component**

- Developing the skill of analyzing national issues in their proper perspective
- Acquiring the skill of comprehending the national issues in their totality
- Enhancing scientific temper among the students

#### Unit - 1

**Makers of Modern India** – Rabindranath Tagore – Mahatma Gandhi – B.R. Ambedkar - M. N. Roy – J.P. Narayan - Periyar EVR – K. Kamaraj - Their Philosophies.

#### Unit - 2

Integration and Reorganisation of States - Foreign Policy - NAM - Relation with SAARC Countries - Indo-Chinese Relations - Kashmir Problem and Relation with Pakistan.

#### Unit - 3

**Prime Ministers of India:**Jawaharlal Nehru – LalBahadurSastri – Indhira Gandhi — PMs of the Coalition Governments:Moraji Desai -V. P. Singh - AB Vajpayee to Manmohan Singh

## Unit – 4

**Major Issues:** Reservation Policy – Reservation to Women –Communalism & Fundamentalism - Water Disputes –poverty and unemployment - Starvation Deaths – Agrarian Crisis – State Terrorism – Corruption.

#### **Unit** – **5**

**Economic Development:** Transport and Communication - - Agriculture - Green Revolution - White Revolution - Blue Revolution - India and World Bank - New Economic policy -- Impact of WTO on India.

### **Books for Study**

- 1. AnletSobithabai W, *Contemporary History of India (1947-2009)*, Sharon Publication, Marthandam, 2009. (Unit 1,2,3 & 5)
- 2. Venkatesan G, Contemporary Historyof India, V.C. Publication, Rajapalayam. (Unit-1-5)
- 3. John Gilbert G, Contemporary History of India, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2006.

#### Reference Books

- 1. Bipan Chandra, *India since Independence*, Penguin, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Murickan J, (Ed.), *Poverty of India: Challenges and Responses*, Xavier Board Publication Thiruvananthapuram, 1988.
- 3. Prasad BK, Rural Development: Concept, Approach and Strategy, Sarup and Sons, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Ram Puniyani Communal Politics: Facts Versus Myths, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. ShashiTharoor*India, From Midnight to the Millennium*, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2000.
- 6. SmitaNarula, *Broken People, Caste Violence Against India's Untouchables*, Human Rights Watch, New York, 1999.

Sem. IV Hours / week: 7

16PHS4113 Credit: 6

#### MODERN INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

### **Objectives**

- To examine the evolution of Indian administration.
- > To understand the importance of planning.
- To develop skills in participating Panchayatraj institution.

#### Learning activities

- ❖ Listing the skills, abilities and attitudes required for an administrator.
- Preparing a chart showing the administrative hierarchy.
- ❖ Meeting village leaders and learn the method of administration

## **Skill Component**

- To learn the skill of approaching the peoples' representatives and decision making authorities
- To develop analytical skill of critiquing the organs of democracy and their functions

#### Unit – 1

Political Executive at the Union level: President, Vice President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers, Cabinet Committees -Structure of Central Administration: Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat – Ministers and Department Boards and Commissions, Field Organisations.

#### Unit - 2

Centre State Relations – Legislative, Administrative, Planning and Financial – Public Services – All India Services Central Services, State Services, Local Civil Services, Union and State Public Services Commission, Training of civil services

#### Unit - 3

Machinery for Planning: Planning Commission – Plan formulation – National Development Council – Planning at the State and District levels – Public Undertaking: Forms, management, control and problems – Controls of public expenditure: Parliamentary control – Role of Finance Ministry – Comptroller and Auditor General

#### Unit -4

Administration of Law and Order: Role of Central and State agencies in maintenance of law and order – State administration: Governor – Chief Minister – Council of Ministers – District Administration: Role and Importance – District Collector – Land Revenue – Law and order – Developmental Functions – District Rural Development Agency – Special Development Programmes

## Unit – 5

Local Administration: Panchayat Raj – Urban Local Government – Features, forms, problems – Autonomy of Local Bodies – Issues in Indian Administration – People's participation in administration – redressal of Citizens' Grievances – Lok Pal and LokAyuktas – Administrative Reforms in India

## **Books for Study**

- 1. MadhviYasin, Indian Administration, 1979.
- 2. VishnooBhagwan and VidyaBhushan, *Indian Administration*, S. Chand & Co., 2005.(Unit 1-5)

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Altekar AS, State & Government in Ancient India, Delhi, 1958.
- 2. VidyaBhusan, *Indian Administration*, Delhi: S. Chand & Co., 2000.
- 3. Tyagi, Public Administration: Principles & Practices, Atma Ram & Sons, 1989.
- 4. Maheswari SR, *The Evolution of Indian Administration*, Mac Millan, 1950.

Sem. IV Hours/Week/: 6 16PHS4114 Credits: 4

#### HISTORY OF WORLD CIVILIZATIONS

## **Objectives**

- > To provide well balanced coverage of the all key factors comprising the world civilization
- > To help the students with broad based knowledge and understanding of the concept of evolution of Mankind and Culture
- > To provide impact on human lives today through the ancient civilization

### **Learning Activities**

- ❖ Mapping the River Valley Civilizations
- Group discussions on impact of ancient civilizations on today
- Visit to Archaeological excavation sites

### **Learning Activities**

- To develop the skill of methods in archaeological excavations
- To develop the skill of interest in preserving the archaeological artifacts

## **UNIT-I**

Definition of Civilization - Comparison between culture and Civilization - Origin and Growth of Civilization - Pre-Historic Culture - Paleolithic and Neolithic Culture

#### UNIT-II

River Valley Civilizations – Indus Civilization - Nile Civilization – Euphrates and Tigris Civilization–Kwang-How Civilization

#### **UNIT-III**

Sumerian, Babylonian, Assyrian and Chaldean Civilizations - Persian Civilization - Hebrew Civilization

#### **UNIT-IV**

Classical Civilization - Ancient Greece - Hellenistic Civilization its legacy - Ancient Rome - Roman Civilization its legacy

## **UNIT-V**

Japanese Civilization - Maya, Aztec and Inca Civilizations

## **Books for Study**

- 1. Khurana K.L, World History (AD1453-1966), Agarwall Publication, 2008.(Unit I & 2)
- 2. Weech W.N, *History of the World*, Odhamas Press, 2001 (Unit 3, 4 & 5)

#### Reference Books

- 1. Brinton, Chirstopher Wolf, A History of Civilization, Vol I & II, Prentice Hall, Inc, Engle Winks. Wood, New Jersey, 1984.
- 2. Edward d'Cruz S.J, A survey of world civilization, Lalvani Publishing House, Bombay, 1970.
- 3. Edward MacnallBurns, Western Civilization Their History and their Culture.
- 4. Gokhale, B.K, Introduction to Western Civilization, S.Chand& Co, Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 1973.
- 5. Israel Smith Clare, The Standard History of the World (10 Volumes), Standard Historical Society, Cincinnati, 1931.
- 6. Swain J.E: A History of World Civilization, Eurasia Publishing House. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1994.

Sem. IV 16PHS4115

# Hours / week: 5 Credit: 3 ARCHAEOLOGY

## **Objectives**

- > To study the fundamentals of archaeology
- > To assess the different scientific techniques associated with archaeology
- To create awareness and skills on the excavation procedures
- To update the information on recent archaeological excavation

## **Learning activities**

- ❖ Newspaper clippings on archaeological excavations and new findings
- ❖ Field trips to archaeological sites.
- Involving students in the conservation of monuments

## **Skill Component**

- To develop the skill of methods in archaeological excavations
- To develop the skill of interest in preserving the archaeological artifacts

\*\*\*\*

#### Unit – 1

Definition and Scope – Value of Archaeology – New Archaeology – Archaeology andNatural Science:Culture-Environment- Kinds of Archaeology : Ethnic Archaeology – Under Water Archaeology – Aerial Archaeology – Salvage Archaeology – Functions of an Archaeologist. History of Indian Archaeology – William Jones – Alexander Cunning ham – John Marshal

#### Unit - 2

Methods of Site Survey: Map Reading – Physical Features – Ethnographic data – Historical literature – Field observation and recording of data – Tools and Equipments: camp equipment – surveyor's equipment – excavation equipment – photo equipment.

#### Unit - 3

Excavation Principles and Methods: Absolute and Relative Dating – Typological Method – Stratigraphical Method – Bench level of Datum Line system. Lay out of trenches: Trial Trenches and Sondages – Rectangular trenching or Vertical excavation – Grid system or Horizontal excavation – Open stripping – Quadrant Method

#### Unit – 4

Archaeology and other Sciences and Dating Methods: Glacial Varve Chronology – Soil Science – Radio – Carbon Dating – Thermoluminiscence Dating – Archaeology and Chemistry – Uranium Dating – Nitrogen or Collagen Dating – Phosphate Analysis – Derdrochronology – Archaeology and Geology

#### Unit - 5

Robert Bruce Foote – T.S.Elliot –Robert Sewell - Mortimer Wheeler – Their contribution to the development of excavation techniques - Archaeological Survey of India – Recently excavated sites in Tamil Nadu :Adichanallur, Porunthal,&Keezhadi

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Raman KV, *Principle and Methods of Archaeology*, Parar's Magazines Co, 1991.
- 2. Venkatraman R, *Indian Archaeology A Survey*, Ennes Publishers, 1999.

### **Reference Books**

- 1. James Steward Archaeological Guide and Glossory.
- 2. Krishnamurthy K, *Introducing Archaeology*, Ajantha Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
- 3. Krishnamurthy K, *Introducing Archaeology*, Ajantha Publishers, New Delhi, 1995
- 4. Maxwell T.S, Eastern Approaches, Essays on Asian Art and Archaeology.
- 5. Raman K.V, Excavations at Uraiyur, University of Madras, 1988.

Sem. IV
16PHS4116
Hours / Week: 6
Credits: 4

## **Introduction to Journalism (Online Course)**

## **Objectives**

- To make the students understand the historical background of Journalism
- > To facilitate the students to develop a rational approach towards present media
- > To equip the students to acquire the caliber of reading between lines

## **Learning Activities**

- Newspaper clippings on Media's role on Society
- Field trips to News Press
- ❖ Involving students in the conservation with journalists

## Unit-1

Understanding News - Ingredients of news - News: meaning, definition, nature The news process: from the event to the reader (how news is carried from event to reader) Hard news vs. Soft news, basic components of a news story - Attribution, embargo, verification, balance and fairness, brevity, dateline, credit line, byline.

#### Unit-2

Different forms of print – A historicalPerspective - Penny press, tabloid press - Language of news-Robert Gunning: Principles of clear writing Rudolf Flesch formula- skills to write news

#### Unit-3

Understanding the structure and construction of news - Organising a news story, 5W's and 1H, Inverted pyramid - Criteria for news worthiness, principles of news selection Use of archives, sources of news, use of internet

#### Unit-4

Different mediums-a comparison - Language and principles of writing: Basic differences between the print, electronic - and online journalism - Citizen Journalism

#### Unit-5

Role of Media in a Democracy - Responsibility to Society - Press and Democracy -P T A - Contemporary debates and issues relating to media - Ethics in journalism

**References: (Web Sources)** 

#### Unit-1

http://journalism.utexas.edu/

https://news.morningstar.com

http://www.schooljournalism.org/news-gathering-tips/

https://processofwritingnews.wordpress.com/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/News

http://www.industry.siemens.com/topics/global/en/magazines/process-news/pages/process-

news.aspx

http://www.slideshare.net/helpingmedia/the-news-production-process-10429014

http://www.newsu.org/courses/understanding-media-process-and-principles

http://www.slideshare.net/asiyasiddika28/hard-news-vs-soft-news

https://www.csun.edu/~bashforth/406 PDF/406 Essay3/HardNewsVSFeatureStories.pdf

http://www.scribd.com/doc/19300197/Hard-News-Versus-Soft-News#scribd

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NhjSZE0SLTM

#### Unit-2

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yellow journalism

https://history.state.gov/milestones/1866-1898/yellow-journalism

http://iml.jou.ufl.edu/projects/spring04/vance/yellowjournalism.html

http://www.newworldencyclopedia.org/entry/Yellow journalism

http://www.britannica.com/topic/yellow-journalism

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0wFrAny77UY

http://extension.missouri.edu/p/CM201

https://righthat.com/assets/Perspectives/RightHatClearWriting.pdf

http://darwin.eeb.uconn.edu/eeb245w/clear-writing.html

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JGJ7QvI7w0k

#### Unit-3

https://www.google.co.in/search?q=5ws&biw

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Five Ws

 $\underline{https://steve buttry.wordpress.com/2015/02/20/how-can-archives-add-value-for-new spapers-and-tv/}$ 

http://www.bl.uk/reshelp/findhelprestype/news/bna/

http://www.irish-genealogy-toolkit.com/irish-newspaper-archives.html

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cGRLwh2uW6M

 $\underline{http://www.discourses.org/OldArticles/Structures\%20of\%20news\%20in\%20the\%20press.pdf}$ 

http://jspp.psychopen.eu/article/view/96/37

https://books.google.co.in/books?id=RVR\_yGdjZ8gC&pg=PA148&lpg=PA148&dq

#### Unit-4

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of artistic media

http://www.collinsdictionary.com/dictionary/english/mediums

http://grammarist.com/usage/media-mediums/

https://www.archives.gov/open/plain-writing/10-principles.html

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Digital journalism

http://www.slideshare.net/ujjwalacharya/online-journalism-11227880

http://www.journalismfestival.com/news/the-advantages-of-online-journalism/

http://ojphi.org/ojs/index.php/fm/article/view/893/802

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Citizen journalism

http://cj.ibnlive.in.com/

https://www.techopedia.com/definition/2386/citizen-journalism

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9APO9 yNbcg

#### Unit-5

http://theviewspaper.net/role-of-the-media-in-democracy/

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Media democracy

https://www.google.co.in/search

https://in.answers.yahoo.com/question/index?qid=20090303035752AACdZYF

http://www.caluniv.ac.in/global-mdia

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zCkalT4JFCg

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FXYS95J0RAM

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Journalism ethics and standards

https://www.spj.org/pdf/ethicscode.pdf

http://www.newsu.org/courses/ethics-journalism

http://ethicnet.uta.fi/belarus/journalists ethics code

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Jv-J ArEJ8w

https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=Vb70x5VSVS4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= JQ1GaqyHkU

PPTs will be prepared and uploaded in college website www.sjctni.edu for all the units...

## **COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION**